

**Power
Week**

Université IBM i 2019

22 et 23 mai

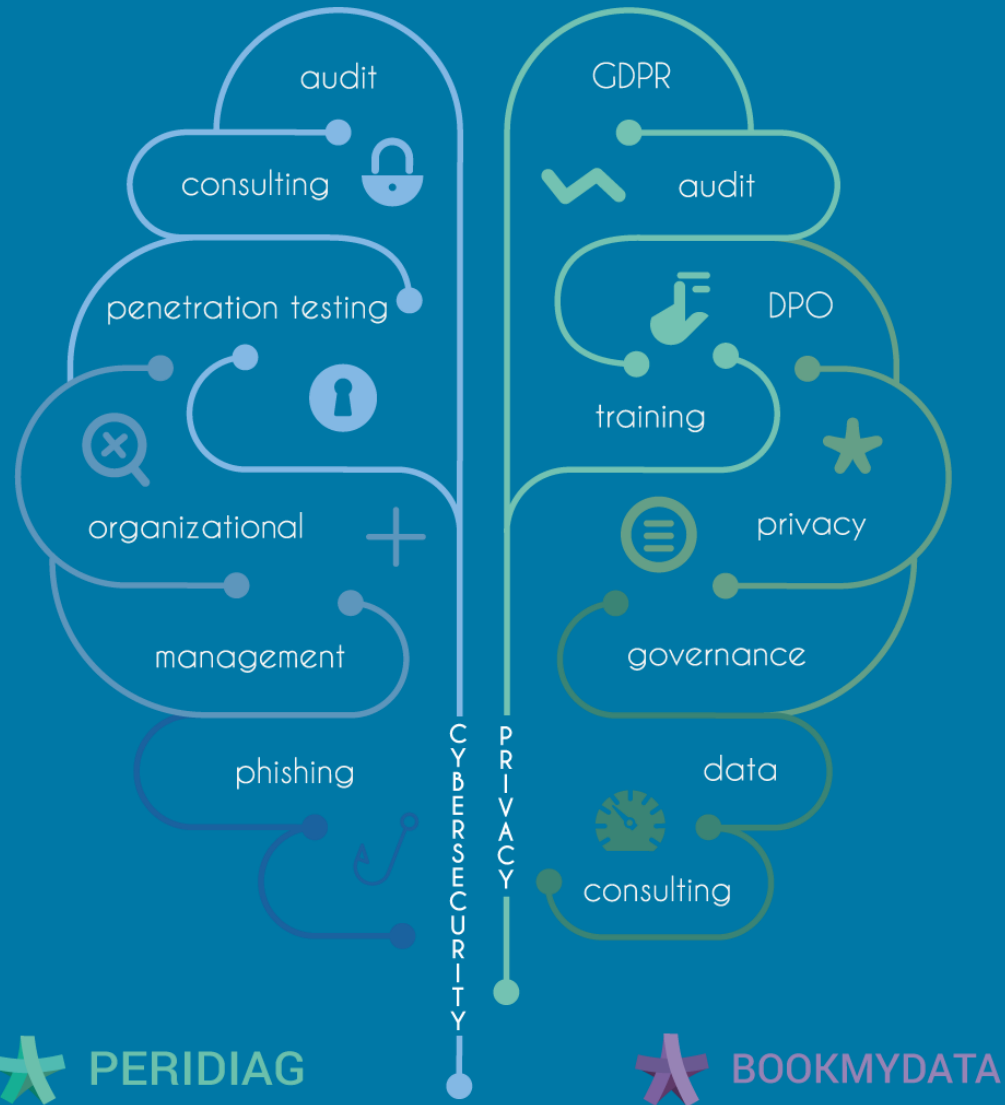
IBM Client Center Paris

**S45 - Enjeux de cybersécurité et de conformité sur
IBM i : la vision d'un tiers de confiance**

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DIGITEMIS
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La société DIGITEMIS



DIGITEMIS Cybersecurity & Privacy



CYBERSÉCURITÉ

Sécurité des systèmes d'informations



JURIDIQUE

Protection des données personnelles



FORMATIONS

Formations et sensibilisations



SOLUTIONS

Nos outils innovants d'évaluation, de pilotage et de sensibilisation



Assurance



Logement social



Compteurs communicants



Informatique & libertés



Gestion des données personnelles



Devenir Délégué à la Protection des Données



Gouvernance RGPD



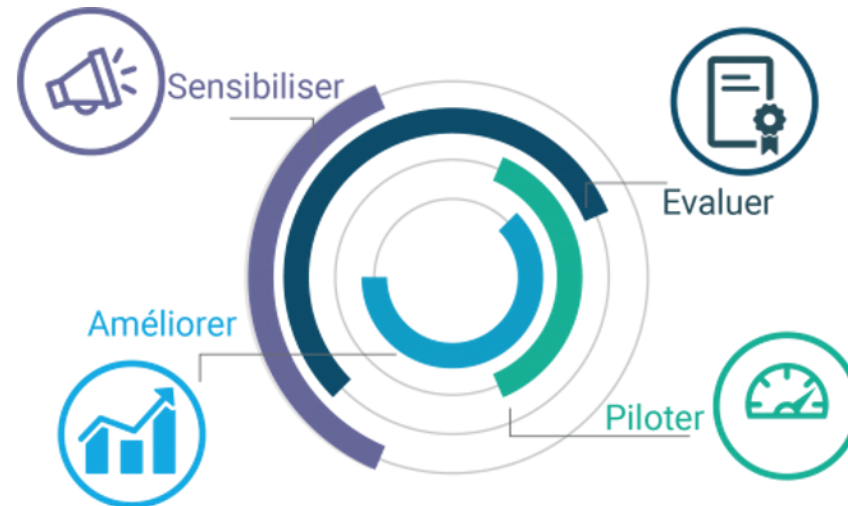


Nos produits logiciels



PERIDIAG®

Un outil fiable d'évaluation et de pilotage de la Cybersécurité des fournisseurs et filiales



BookMyData®

Solution de gestion de la conformité avec le RGPD



Parmi nos références



TOTAL

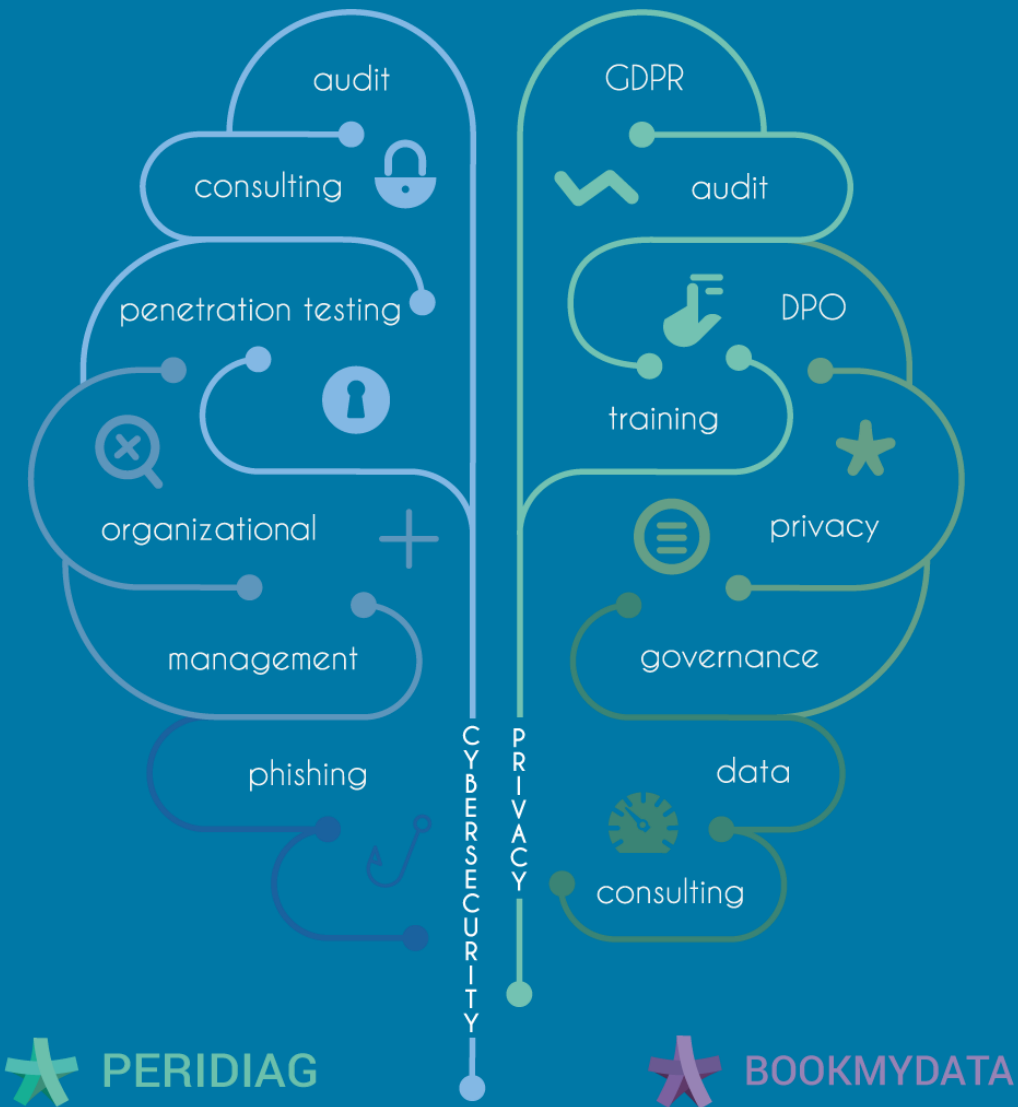


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Cour des comptes





Pourquoi des exigences de sécurité?



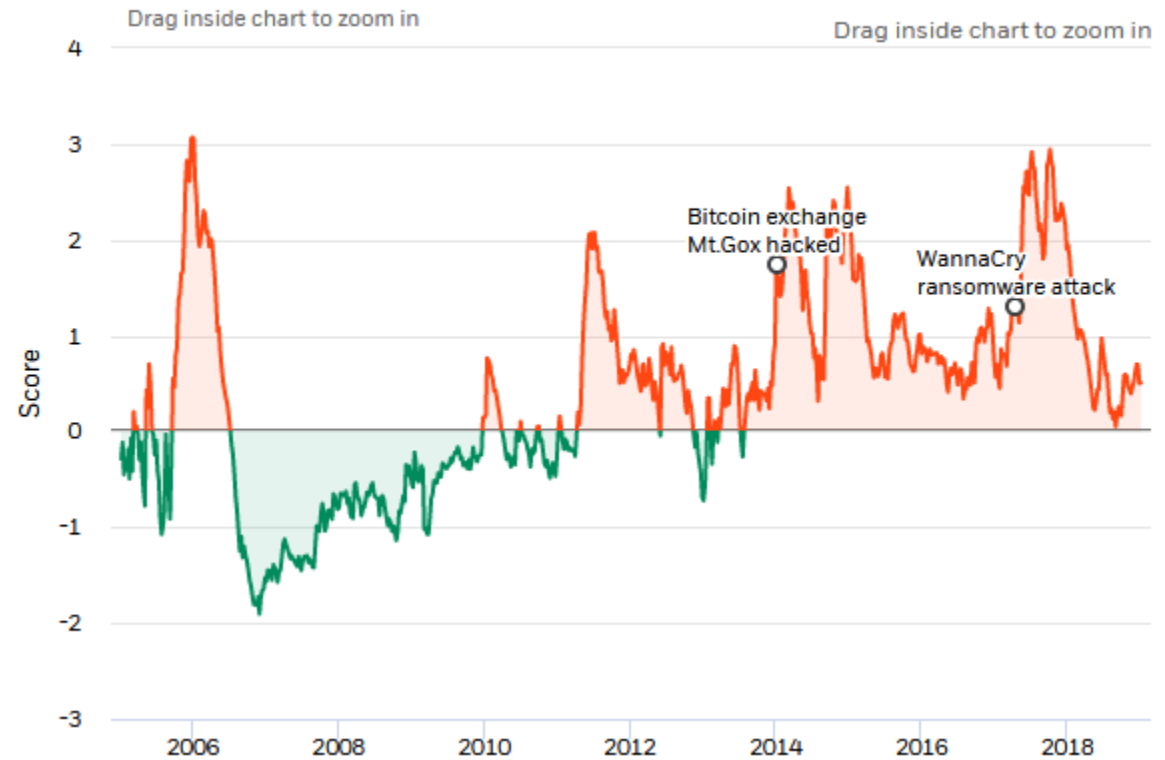
La cyber vue par les investisseurs - Blackrock

Top 10 risks, select to view

Sort order:

Global trade tensions	
U.S. - China relations	
Gulf tensions	
European fragmentation	
Major cyberattack(s) 🔍	
North Korea conflict	
South China Sea conflict	
Russia - NATO conflict	
LatAm populism	
Major terror attack(s)	

Major cyberattack(s) (focus risk)



<https://www.blackrock.com/mx/recursos/herramientas/blackrock-geopolitical-risk-dashboard>



La cyber vue par les dirigeants - World Economic Forum

* Cyber et fraudes dans le top 5 des risques

Top 10 risks in terms of Likelihood

- 1 Extreme weather events
- 2 Failure of climate-change mitigation and adaptation
- 3 Natural disasters
- 4 Data fraud or theft
- 5 Cyber-attacks
- 6 Man-made environmental disasters
- 7 Large-scale involuntary migration
- 8 Biodiversity loss and ecosystem collapse
- 9 Water crises
- 10 Asset bubbles in a major economy

Top 10 risks in terms of Impact

- 1 Weapons of mass destruction
- 2 Failure of climate-change mitigation and adaptation
- 3 Extreme weather events
- 4 Water crises
- 5 Natural disasters
- 6 Biodiversity loss and ecosystem collapse
- 7 Cyber-attacks
- 8 Critical information infrastructure breakdown
- 9 Man-made environmental disasters
- 10 Spread of infectious diseases

http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_Global_Risks_Report_2019.pdf

Figure I: The Global Risks Landscape 2019





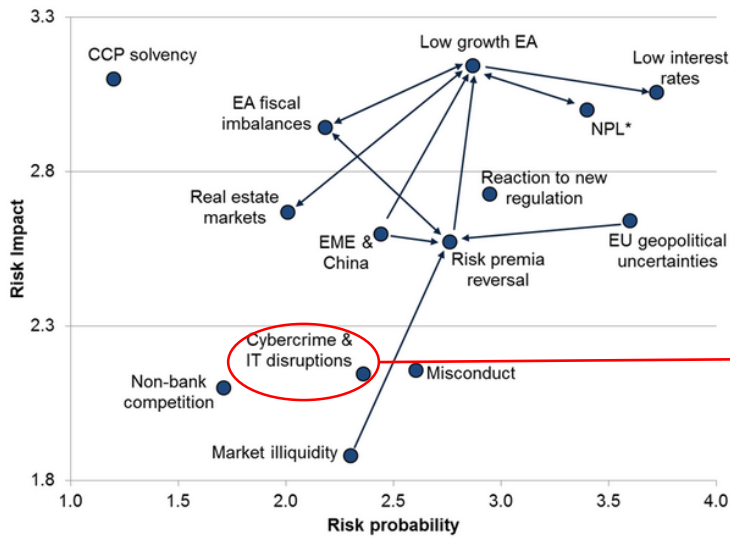
Cyber et interruption IT – dans le TOP 3 des risques pour la BCE et l’ACPR

2017

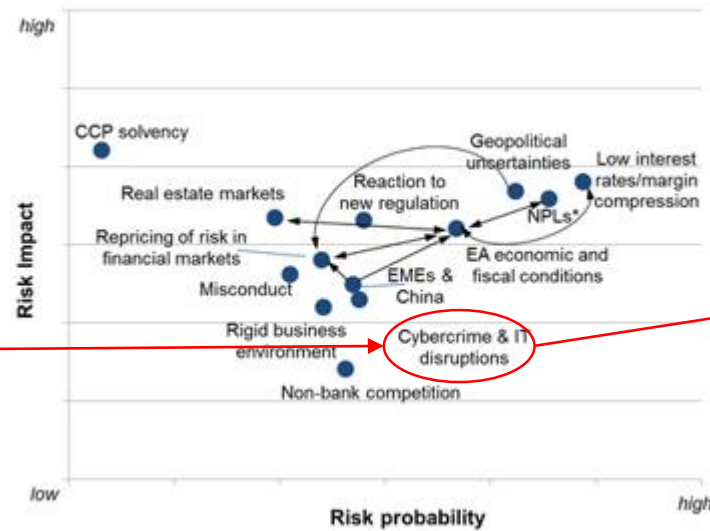
2017

2017

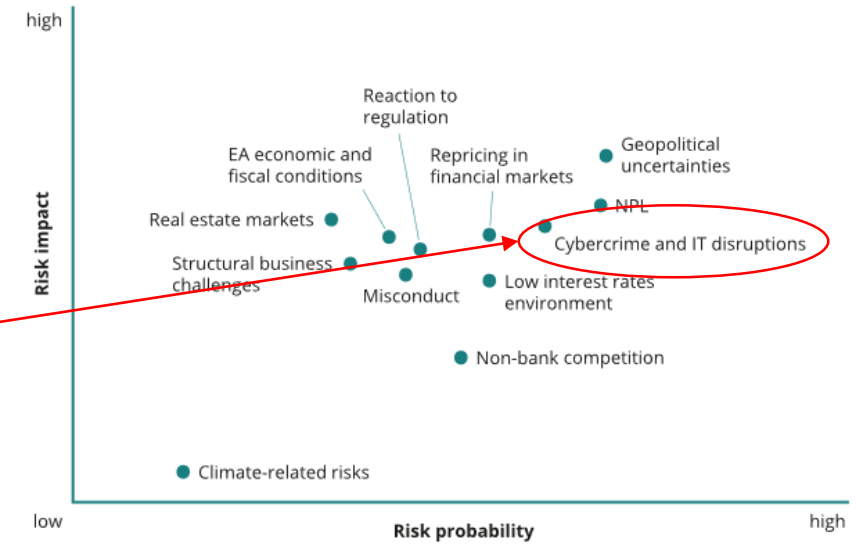
Risk map of the SSM banking system 2017



SSM risk map 2018 for euro area banks



SSM Risk Map for 2019



https://www.bankingsupervision.europa.eu/banking/priorities/risk_assessment/html/index.en.html

<https://acpr.banque-france.fr/intervention/quelques-enjeux-pour-le-systeme-bancaire-en-2019>



Business interruption et cyber incidents en tête des risques en occident

SNAPSHOT: TOP BUSINESS RISKS AROUND THE WORLD IN 2019



<https://www.agcs.allianz.com/insights/white-papers-and-case-studies/allianz-risk-barometer-2019/>



Le risque cyber – premier risque en France



TOP 10 RISKS IN FRANCE

Source: Allianz Global Corporate & Specialty.

Figures represent how often a risk was selected as a percentage of all responses for that country.

Respondents: 86

Responses: 106

More than one risk and industry could be selected. Figures don't add up to 100% as up to three risks could be selected.

Rank		Percent	2018 rank	Trend
1	Cyber incidents (e.g. cyber crime, IT failure/outage, data breaches, fines and penalties)	41%	2 (46%)	⬇️
2	Business interruption (incl. supply chain disruption)	40%	1 (47%)	⬇️
3	Fire, explosion	29%	3 (21%)	⚖️
4	Natural catastrophes (e.g. storm, flood, earthquake)	28%	4 (21%)	⚖️
5	Changes in legislation and regulation (e.g. trade wars and tariffs, economic sanctions, protectionism, Brexit, Euro-zone disintegration)	26%	4 (21%)	⬇️
6	Market developments (e.g. volatility, intensified competition/new entrants, M&A, market stagnation, market fluctuation)	18%	6 (18%)	⚖️
6	New technologies (e.g. impact of increasing interconnectivity, nanotechnology, artificial intelligence, 3D printing, autonomous vehicles, blockchain)	18%	8 (14%)	⬆️
8	Loss of reputation or brand value	12%	9 (13%)	⬆️
8	Product recall, quality management, serial defects	12%	7 (16%)	⬇️
10	Theft, fraud, corruption	10%	9 (13%)	⬇️

<https://www.agcs.allianz.com/insights/white-papers-and-case-studies/allianz-risk-barometer-2019/>



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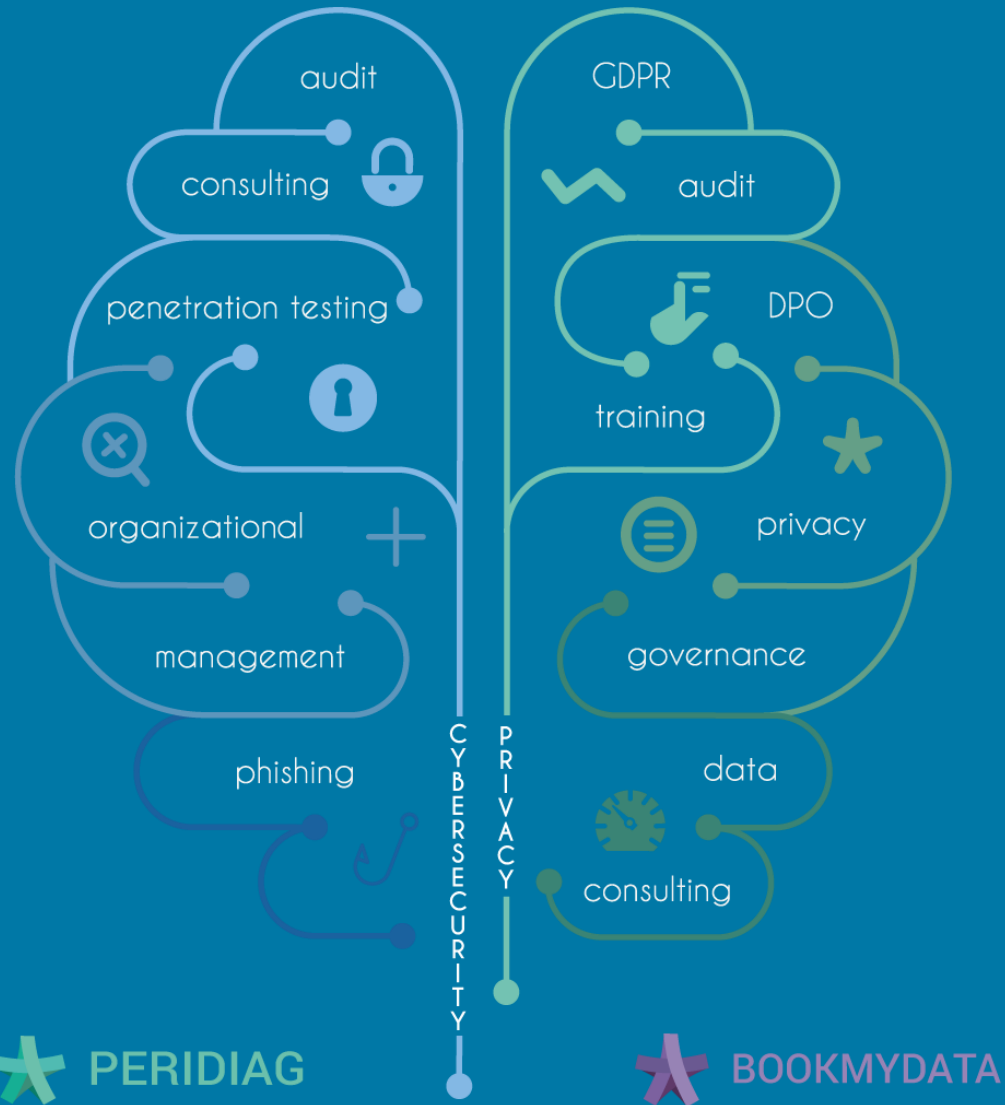
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Une multitude d'exigences de conformité

★ Petit Quizz d'introduction

Que veut dire EBA?

- European Banking Association
- European Banking Authority
- European Burns Association

Une première application concrète avec l'annonce de Bruno Lemaire le 13 mai 2019 avec renfort de la coopération dans le secteur bancaire et test de cyberattaque par la Banque de France

Pourquoi il faut suivre leur activité?

[EBA publishes clarifications to a third set of issues raised by its Working Group on APIs under PSD2](#) , April 26th 2019

[ESAs publish Joint Advice on Information and Communication Technology risk management and cybersecurity](#) , April 10th 2019

[EBA consults on guidelines on ICT and security risk management](#) , Dec 13th 2018

...

<https://www.informanews.net/cybersecurite-du-secteur-financier-cooperation/>

★ Petit Quizz d'introduction

Combien de sociétés européennes concernées par la directive NIS?

- 10
- 100
- 1 000
- 10 000

Comment suivre le déploiement de la directive?



State-of-play of the transposition of the NIS Directive

<https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/state-play-transposition-nis-directive>



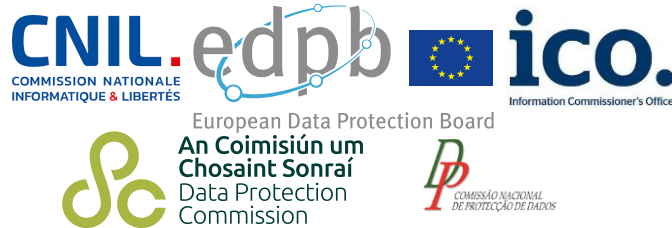
<https://www.digitaleurope.org/resources/nis-implementation-tracker/>

★ Foisonnement de sources d'exigences

Données personnelles



General Data Protection Regulation



Secteur financier



Autorités SSI

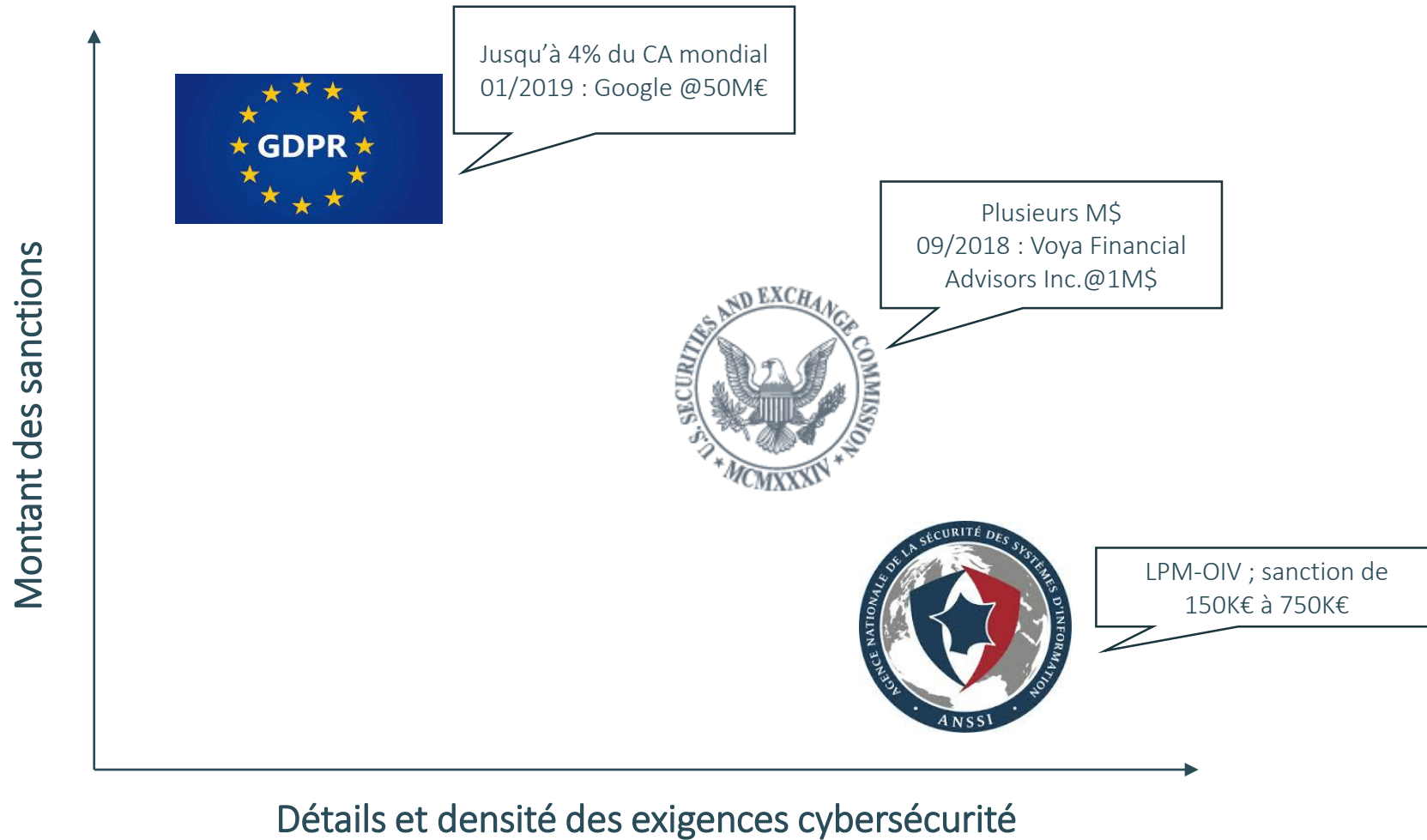


Standards





Densité des exigences et montant des sanctions



Les audits PASSI



**ACHAT DE PRODUITS DE SÉCURITÉ ET
DE SERVICES DE CONFIANCE QUALIFIÉS**
dans le cadre du référentiel général de sécurité



Audit d'architecture

Audit organisationnel et physique

Audit de code

Test d'intrusion

Audit de configuration



Audit sur IBM i




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CYBERSECURITY & PRIVACY

In the Wild

Water treatment plant hacked, chemical mix changed for tap supplies

Well, that's just a little scary

By [John Leyden](#) 24 Mar 2016 at 12:19

82  SHARE ▼

Hackers infiltrated a water utility's control system and changed the levels of chemicals being used to treat tap water, we're told.

The cyber-attack is documented in this month's IT security breach report (available [here](#), registration required) from Verizon Security Solutions. The utility in question is referred to using a pseudonym, Kemuri Water Company, and its location is not revealed.

https://www.theregister.co.uk/2016/03/24/water_utility_hacked/

KWC asked Verizon to conduct a cybersecurity assessment as part of their normal operations. As Verizon conducted that assessment they discovered a threat actor was at work stealing financial records and manipulating industrial control parameters used to purify water.

https://www.vericlave.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/Vericlave_WhitePaper_KemuriWater_1018_F.pdf

In the Wild

The Internal AS400 Server Compromise

Internal server credentials in plaintext were found on the public facing web server.

Perimeter network access controls allowed direct login from the internet to the internal AS400 server.

Customer Data Compromise

The AS400 server hosted KWC's payment/financial system, which the attackers were able to authenticate due to coincidental and/or available credentials found on the server.

The AS400 server hosted KWC's SCADA control applications, which the attackers were able to authenticate due to coincidental and/or available credentials found on the server.

Accessing the AS400 server provided attackers with approximately 2.5 million customer records, the ability to manipulate SCADA controls (valves, chemical mixtures, and water flow), additional password files, back-office system configuration settings, and other sensitive data.

https://www.vericlave.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/Vericlave_WhitePaper_KemuriWater_1018_F.pdf

In the Wild

★ Deux principaux profil d'attaquants

- ★ *Advanced Persistent Threats*

- ★ Opportunistes : « Si l'ennemi laisse une *porte ouverte*, il faut s'y précipiter »

★ Se prémunir

- ★ Défense en profondeur

- ★ À défaut : détecter, contrer et rétablir

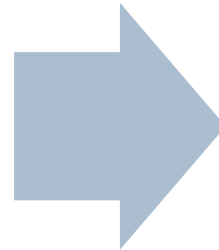
- ★ Limiter son exposition

- ★ Durcir les équipements sensibles

★ Audits techniques sur IBM i

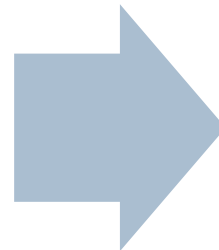
★ Deux approches complémentaires

Modéliser des scénarios d'attaque
réalistes
Approche pragmatique



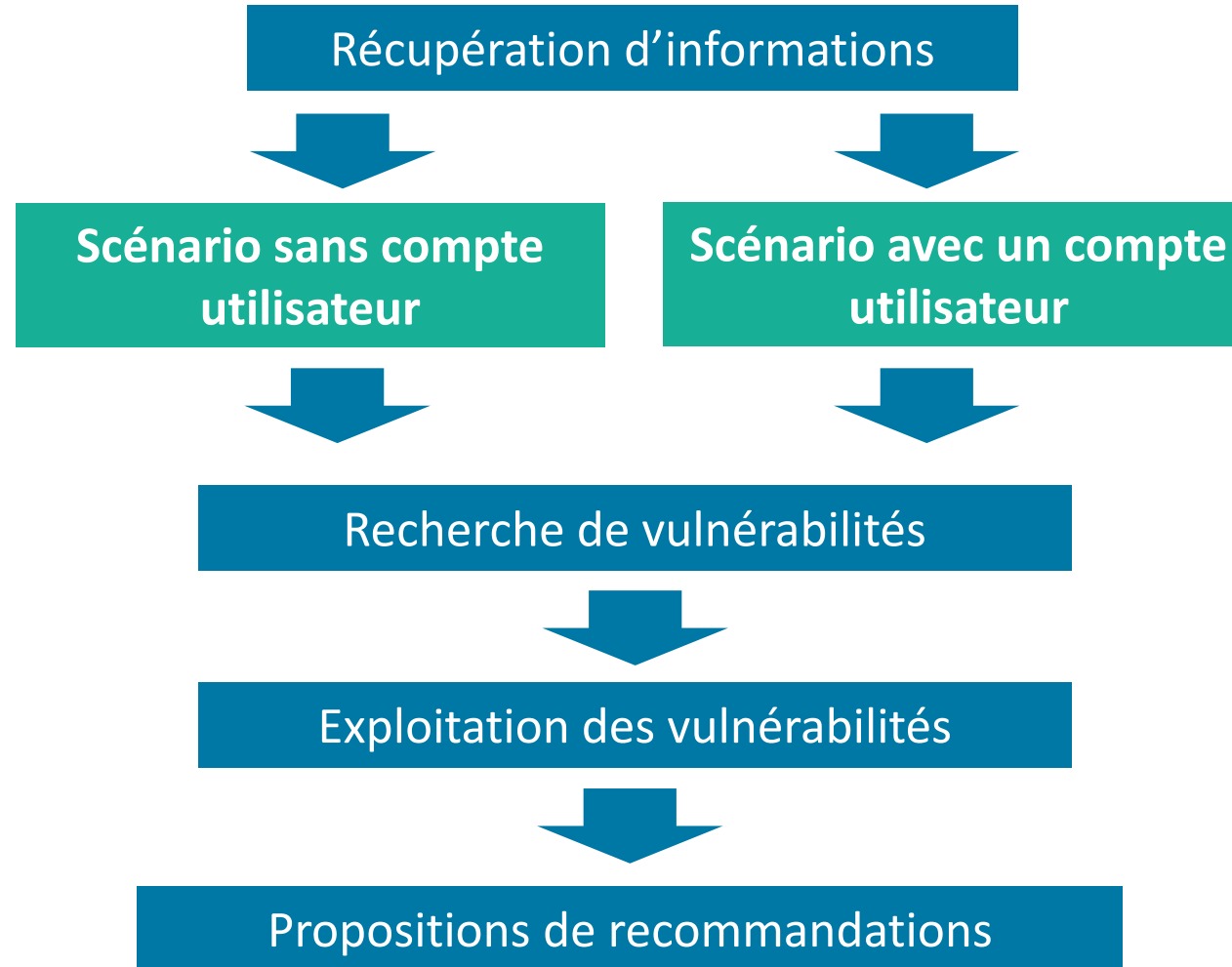
Tests d'intrusion
Boîte noire / grise

Assurer la conformité
Confronter l'existant à un
référentiel sécurité

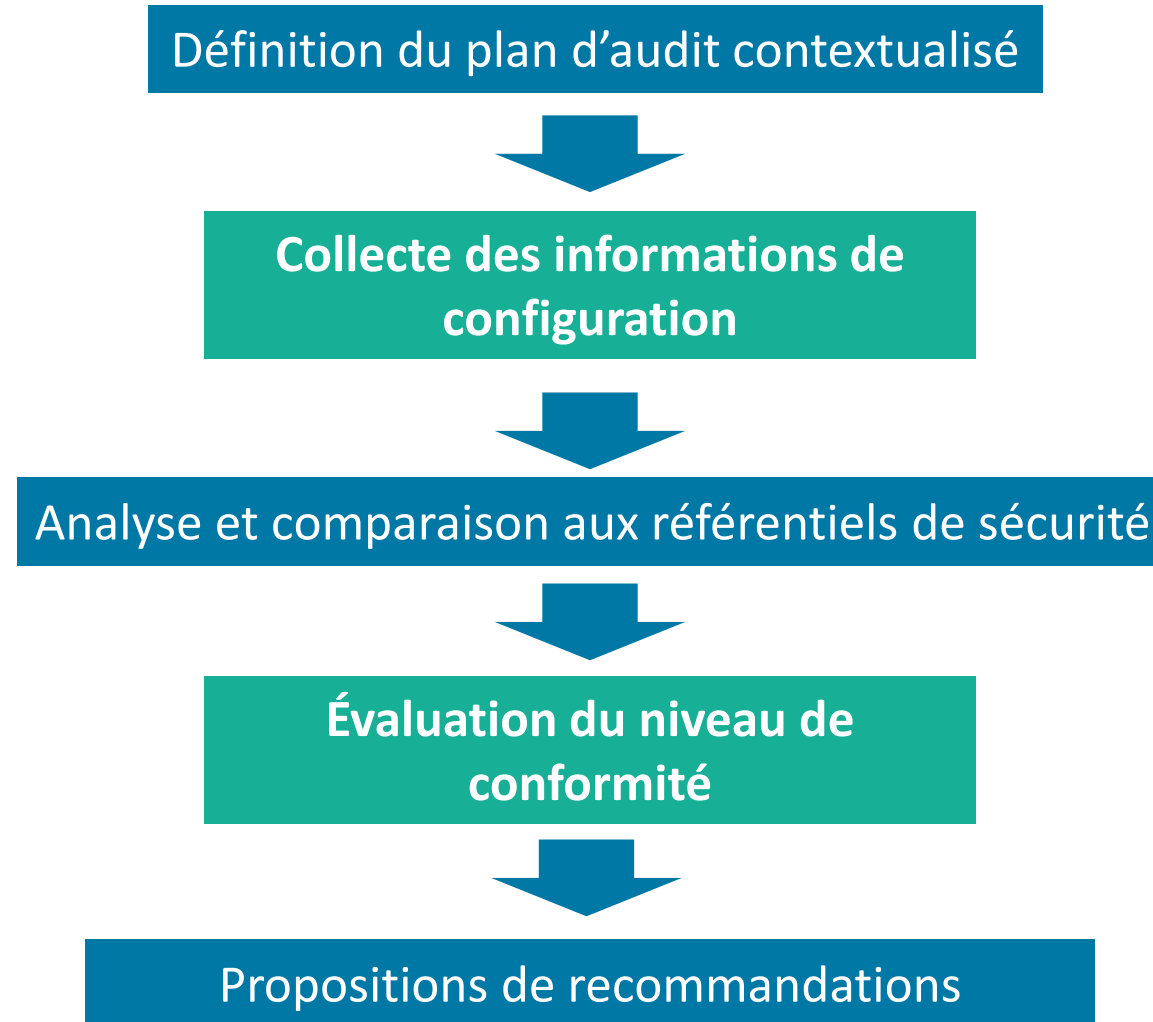


Audit de configuration
Boîte blanche

★ Méthodologie d'intrusion



★ Méthodologie d'audit de configuration



Approche Audit Technique

★ IBM i du point de vue du pentester / auditeur

- ★ Les spécificités
- ★ Techniques d'attaque particulières
- ★ Outils d'analyse et d'intrusion

★ Comme d'habitude :

- ★ Protocoles non sécurisés
- ★ Mots de passe triviaux
- ★ Attaques sur Websphere
- ★ Bases de données

★ Quels référentiels ?



IBM Knowledge Center

Home > IBM i 7.4 > Security > Security reference >

Introduction to IBM i security

https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/ssw_ibm_i_74/rzarl/rzarlintro.htm

★ Retours d'expérience : Tests d'Intrusion

★ Failles liées aux usages

- ★ Comptes faibles
- ★ Accès anonymes
- ★ Partages réseau permissifs
- ★ Profils utilisateurs

Table 1. Passwords for IBM-supplied profiles

User ID	Password	Recommended value
QSECOFR	QSECOFR ¹	A nontrivial value known only to the security administrator. Write down the password that you have selected and store it in a safe place.
QSYSOPR	QSYSOPR	*NONE ²
QPGMR	QPGMR	*NONE ²
QUSER	QUSER	*NONE ^{2, 3}
QSRV	QSRV	*NONE ²
QSRVBAS	QSRVBAS	*NONE ²

The Submit Job (SBMJOB) command allows a job that is running to submit another job to a job queue

User (USER)

Specifies the name of the user profile for the job being submitted.

<https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/>

★ Retours d'expérience : Tests d'Intrusion

★ Legacy / rétrocompatibilité

★ Protocoles non sécurisés

★ Paquets logiciels obsolètes

[Oracle](#) » [JRE](#) : Vulnerability Statistics

[Vulnerabilities \(607\)](#) [CVSS Scores Report](#) [Browse a](#)

[Related OVAL Definitions](#) : [Vulnerabilities \(839\)](#) [Pate](#)

[Vulnerability Feeds & Widgets](#)

Vulnerability Trends Over Time

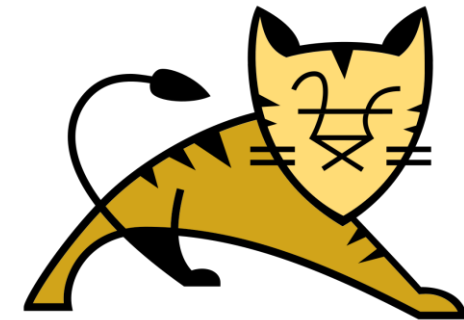
Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow
2010	1		1	
2011	3			
2012	59	3	1	
2013	180	1	10	4
2014	115	1	1	
2015	80			
2016	37		1	1
2017	69	14		
2018	55	17	2	
2019	8	1		
Total	607	37	16	5

https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor_id-93/product_id-19117/Oracle-JRE.html

★ Retours d'expérience : Tests d'Intrusion

★ Applications Web

- ★ Serveurs applicatifs (interfaces d'administration) non sécurisés
- ★ Vulnérabilités applicatives



★ Retours d'expérience : Audit de configuration

★ QSECURITY : arbitrage entre conformité et productivité

At security level 30 and below, signing on by pressing the Enter key without a user ID and password is possible with certain subsystem descriptions. At security level 40 and higher, the system stops any attempt to sign on without a user ID and password.

If a user profile name is used as the value for the User field in a job description, any jobs submitted with the job description can run under that user profile. Thus an unauthorized user might submit a job to run under the user profile specified in the job description.

At security level 40 and higher, the job will fail unless the user submitting the job has *USE authority to both the job description and the user profile specified in the job description. At security level 30, the job runs if the submitter has *USE authority to the job description.

https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/ssw_ibm_i_74/rzarl/rzarlseclvl.htm

★ Retours d'expérience : Audit de configuration

★ Politique de mots de passe : des outils efficaces

Analyze Default Passwords (ANZDFTPWD)

Where allowed to run: All environments (*ALL)

Threadsafe: No

Parameters
Examples
Error messages

The Analyze Default Passwords (ANZDFTPWD) command allows you to print a report of all the user profiles on the system that have a default password and to take an action against the profiles. A profile has a default password when the profile's password matches the user profile name.

https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/ssw_ibm_i_74/cl/anzdftpwd.htm

★ Retours d'expérience : Audit de configuration

- ★ Défauts de contrôles d'accès
 - ★ Partages, ressources locales
 - ★ Fonctions système sensibles : CRTUSRPRF, CHGSYSVAL, ...
- ★ Excès de droits sur les profils d'utilisateurs
 - ★ Beaucoup de profils à auditer...
- ★ Supervision des événements de sécurité balbutiante
 - ★ Configuration des files d'attente de message
 - ★ Centralisation sur un serveur tiers
 - ★ Traitement humain, corrélation

RGPD & IBM i

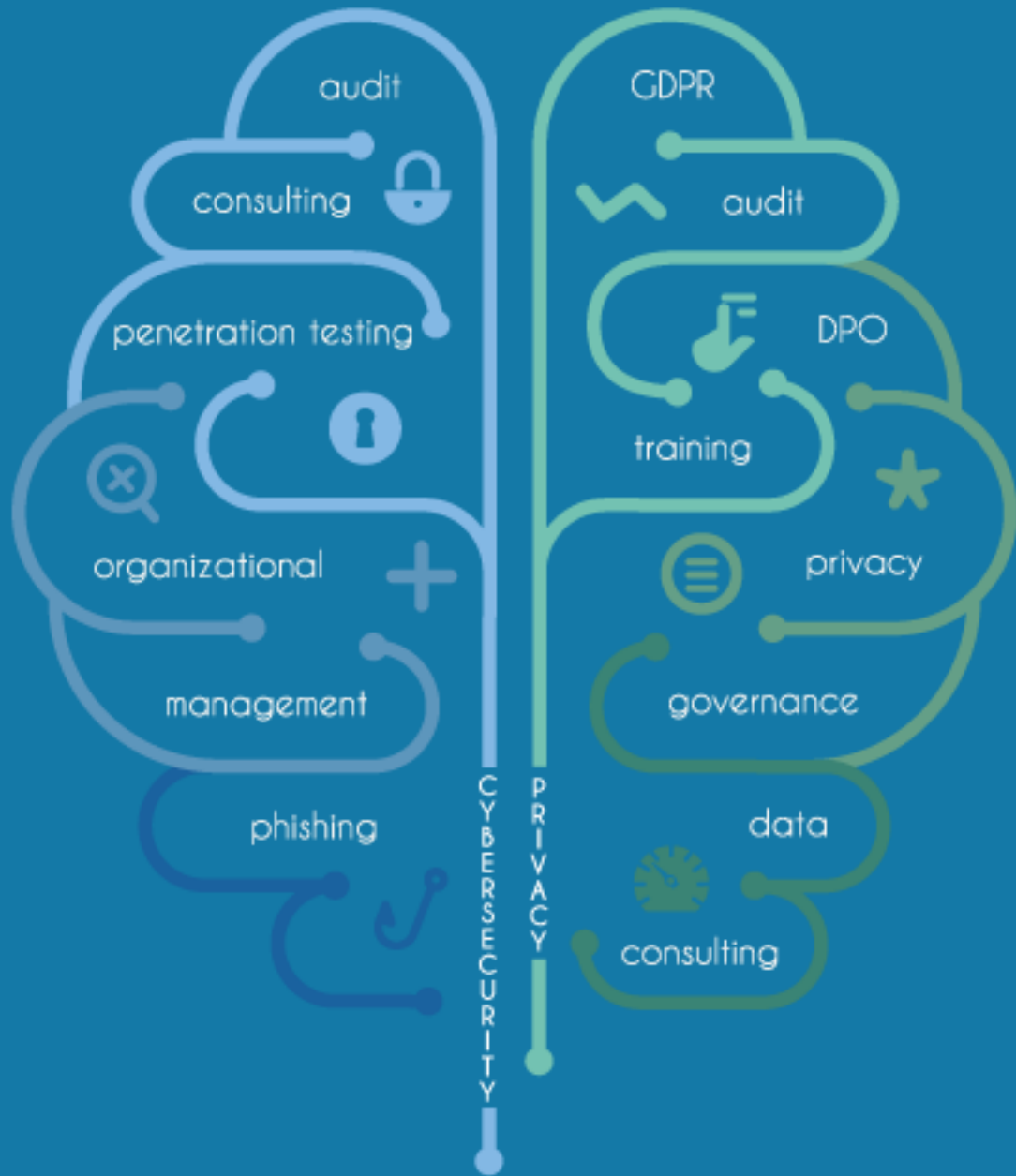
★ Article 32 : « Sécurité du traitement »

- ★ Chiffrement des flux
- ★ Chiffrement des données
- ★ Sauvegardes

★ Anonymisation / pseudonymisation

★ Conservation

★ « Tester, analyser et évaluer l'efficacité des mesures techniques et organisationnelles »



Soyez moteur dans
la gouvernance SSI



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CYBERSECURITY & PRIVACY

★ La check list de la gouvernance SSI

★ Conformité et amélioration continue

- ★ Plan d'action et suivi
- ★ [...]

★ Organisation et responsabilités

- ★ Y a-t-il une organisation à 2 ou 3 niveaux de supervision (opérations / risques / audit)
- ★ Qui est responsable de la sécurité opérationnelle? De la supervision de la sécurité?
- ★ Combien d'échelon entre RSSI et CEO?
- ★ Est-ce que le COMEX et le BOARD ont une vision régulière de la SSI?

★ Budget SSI

- ★ 5 à 10% du budget IT

★ Valorisation

- ★ Méthodologie AMRAE / FERMA sur l'évaluation des risques et assurance cyber avec réduction des risques
- ★ Marketing et mise en avant de certifications



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